

Sumbawa language

Sumbawa (Sumbawan: Basa Semawa, Indonesian: Bahasa Sumbawa) or **Sumbawarese** is a Malayo-Polynesian language of the western half of Sumbawa Island, Indonesia, which it shares with speakers of Bima. It is closely related to the languages of adjacent Lombok and Bali; indeed, it is the easternmost Austronesian language in the south of Indonesia that is not part of the Central Malayo-Polynesian Sprachbund. The Sumbawa write their language with their own native script commonly known in their homeland as Satera Jontal and they also use the Latin script.^[3]

References

1.

Sumbawa (<https://www.ethnologue.com/18/language/smw/>) at *Ethnologue* (18th ed., 2015)

2.

Hammarström, Harald; Forkel, Robert; Haspelmath, Martin, eds. (2017). "Sumbawa" (<http://glottolog.org/resource/linguoid/id/sumb1241>). *Glottolog 3.0*. Jena, Germany: Max Planck Institute for the Science of Human History.

3.

http://lingdy.aacore.jp/doc/endangered-scripts-issea/asako_shiohara_paper.pdf

Sumbawa	
<i>Basa Semawa</i>	
Native to	Indonesia
Region	Sumbawa
Native speakers	(300,000 cited 1989) ^[1]
Language family	Austronesian <ul style="list-style-type: none">Malayo-Polynesian<ul style="list-style-type: none">Malayo-Sumbawan (?)<ul style="list-style-type: none">Bali–Sasak<ul style="list-style-type: none">Sumbawa
Writing system	Latin, Satera Jontal
Language codes	
ISO 639-3	smw
Glottolog	sumb1241 (http://glottolog.org/resource/linguoid/id/sumb1241) ^[2]

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